GardenSmart composting with care in bear country

On-site backyard composting is the most effective and environmentally-friendly way to manage the organic 'waste' your home produces. Your compost will not be a bear attractant if it is maintained correctly and other attractants are managed responsibly

Did you know... Bears require up to 20,000 calories per day before hibernation. That's equivalent to 40 hamburgers and 40 ice cream sundaes! Once they find an easy food source they will keep returning to it.

Be Unattractive

Ensure that your yard does not provide easy, unnatural food sources

for bears.

Bear attractants include

- odorous garbage
- unwashed recycling
- fruit-bearing plants
- bird feeders accessible pet food
- poorly-maintained compost

photo credit Mike McIntosh - Bear With Us mike@bearwithus.org

Did you know...

bears have an incredible sense of smell and can smell food as far away as 32 km?



Work Together

Collaborate with your neighbours to ensure that your immediate neighbourhood follows all the preventative measures to reduce human-bear conflicts.

STEP

Go Big on Brown

Maintain a healthy compost bin to prevent odours that can attract bears. The key to a healthy compost bin is equal proportions of **brown** materials and **green** materials. The bacteria that do the majority of work in your compost bin require nitrogen-rich

greens and an equal or greater volume of carbon-rich browns (carbon-rich material) in order to create healthy, odourless compost.

Browns should be added with every single addition of kitchen scraps, covering the scraps completely in layers no more than 4 inches thick. You will need to collect browns (fallen leaves) in the autumn to have enough to last the year, or use

other materials.



STEP 5

Bury Fruit

Large volumes of fruits or other particularly odorous greens should be composted in the following manner to make their odours undetectable to bears: dig a hole in the compost and bury under at least 12" of soil.

the Township of Algonquin Highlands Environment and Stewardship Committee with the help of The Edible Garden Project 225 East 2nd Street, North Vancouver, BC, V7L 1C4

Did you know... low quality household paper products, such as tissue paper, egg cartons, paper towels, paper bags and cardboard rolls, are a great source of browns for your compost bin?

TEP

Add Oxygen

Frequent aerating is necessary to encourage the oxygenloving aerobic bacteria in your bin, especially at the com-

pressed bottom of your heap. Lack of oxygen can result in an anaerobic, smelly compost bin, which is not acceptable in bear country.

Aeration is best done with a "Wingdigger"-type tool or a strong straight stick. Poke holes all the way down at least every couple of weeks, always finishing off by covering with more browns

GardenSmart Tip:

A simple electric fence can be used to keep bears away from fruit trees, vegetable gardens and beehives.

What to Compost:

Greens 🗸

Fresh grass clippings
Plant trimmings
Fruit and vegetable scraps
Coffee grounds
Tea bags
Human hair
Animal fur
Manure

Browns

Fallen leaves
Sawdust
Straw
Newspaper (torn into 1" strips and crumpled)
Tissue paper or kraft brown paper
Paper towels or napkins
Cardboard (toilet paper rolls, egg cartons,
corrugated cardboard torn into small pieces)
Coffee filters
Dried grass clippings

Other Acceptable Materials 🗸

Rinsed and pulverized eggshells Small amounts of fireplace ash Floor sweepings Dryer lint

Unacceptable in Bear Country X

Meat
Fish
Bones
Grains, rice or pasta
Dairy
Grease or oil
Charcoal briquettes
Dog or cat feces and kitty litter (for health, not bear reasons)

1000/03.201